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IMFORMATION REPORT

CD NO. 25X1

COUNTRY China/Korea

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1. The Chinese Communist 36 Army

. NO. OF PAGES 2

PLACE 25X1 ACQUIRED 2. The Chinese Communist 23 Army Group

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SUPPLEMENT TO REPORT NO.

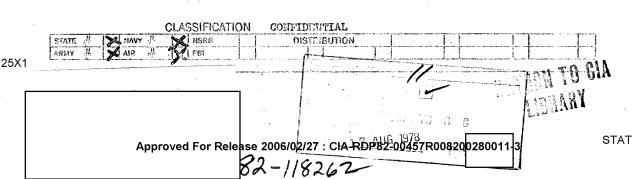
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THE DOCUMENT CONTINUE REPORTANTOR AFFECTING THE RATIONAL DEFERRED OF THE UNITED STATES WITHIN THE REGARDING OF THE ESPERANCE ACT 30 U.S.C., 2. WAS 22. AS REDIDED. 193 PARRESHOPING OF THE REPORTANCE ACT 30 OF 175 CONTRETO IN ANY DARKSHOP TO AN GRANTHORIZED STRAIGHT IS PRO-MINITED BY LOW DISCONDISCIPLOR OF THIS FOREIT FORDISTICA.

THIS IS UNEVALUATED INFORMATION

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- At an unknown date the 36 Army left Sulyuan for Kupelk'ou (117-10, 40-41), where it received a Resist America and Aid Korea indoctrination, following which it was immediately sent to Manchuris and thence to the Korean front. In Korea it was merged with the 20 Army Group (AG) as part of the Chinese Volunteer Army. After fighting with the 20 AG for less than two months, the 36 Army was ordered to the rear for regrouping as a result of the heavy casualties it had sustained.
- 2. During its march to Manchuria and fighting in Morea, the 36 Army had a large. number of deserters. During combat a number of companies and plateons were quite anxious to surrender to forces of the United Nations (UN). However, they were never able to do so because they were too far away from UN troops. They were afraid that UN forces would kill them before they could make known their desire to surrender .
- 5. As of 20 April the 36 Army was being regrouped, and KAO Li-t'ing (🖒 🏋 🐧) had been appointed commander. KAO was formerly commander of the Nationalist Reorganized 13 Cavalry Brigade. LIU Wan-ch'un () A A), former communder of the 35 Army, had been "detained".
- 4. As a reward for volunteering to join the Korean war, TUNG Ch'i-wa (董 其 武) was appointed by the Revolutionary Filitary Council as commander of the 23 AG. In mid-May TUNG led the remainder of the 36 and 37 Armies from Korea to Shihchiachuang (114-28, 38-02) and started to regroup his units. Personnel previously trained for an army to be incorporated into the 23 AG will be assigned to vacancies in the 36 and 37 Armies.
- 5。 CHAIG Pau (張 婆), former commander of the 37 Army, has been imprisoned; CHAIG Shih-chen ($\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$ $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$) has been appointed commander in his place. ²
- O Yu-san (粉 友 三), former commander of the 1 Cavalry Division, has been arrested by the Chinese Communists and replaced by LI Ts'un-ying (表 存 美 LI was formerly TUNG's cavalry regimental commander.



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CONFIDENTIAL 25X1 CENTRAL INVELLIGENCE AGENCY 60 Z 60 7. A military and political cadre training class will be established to indoctrinate 300 intellectuals, after which they will be assigned to political work in units of the 23 AG. The 23 AG will go to Korea after it has had three months of political training. 25X1 Commont. Information contained in paragraphs 4 to 7 is in emplification which also contains references to previous 25X1 information on this subject. 25X1 25X1 Commente reports that LIU and 0 were executed by the Communists in early 1951. roports CHANG P'u a divisional communice 25X1 25X1 Commente under the \$7 Army commanded by CHANG Shih-chem-

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